

# **Birth to 5 Matters for Ryton Federation**

# **Communication and Language: Listening and Attention**

Range 3 (18-24m)	Range 4 (24-36m)	Range 5 (36-48m)	Range 6 (48-60m)
<ul> <li>Listens to and enjoys rhythmic patterns in rhymes and stories, trying to join in with actions or vocalisations • Enjoys rhymes and demonstrates listening by trying to join in with actions or vocalisations • Pays attention to own choice of activity, may move quickly from activity to activity</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Listens with interest to the noises adults make when they read stories          <ul> <li>Recognises and responds to many familiar sounds, e.g. turning to a knock on the door, looking at or going to the door</li> <li>Shows interest in play with sounds, songs and rhymes</li> <li>Single channelled attention; can shift to a different task if attention fully obtained – using child's name helps focus.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Listens to others in one-to one or small groups, when conversation interests them</li> <li>Listens to familiar stories with increasing attention and recall • Joins in with repeated refrains and anticipates key</li> <li>events and phrases in rhymes and stories • Focusing attention – can still listen or do, but can change their own focus of attention • Is able to follow directions (if not intently focused)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Shows variability in listening behaviour; may move around and fiddle but still be listening or sit still but not absorbed by activity • May indicate two-channelled attention, e.g. paying attention to something of interest for short or long periods; can both listen and do for short span</li> </ul>
	Communication and La	nguage: Understanding	5
Range 3 (18-24m)	Range 4 (24-36m)	Range 5 (36-48m)	Range 6 (48-60m)
<ul> <li>Understands different situations - able to follow routine events and activities using nonverbal cues 2 • Selects familiar objects by name and will go and find objects when asked, or identify objects from a group • Understands simple sentences (e.g. Throw the ball)</li> </ul>	Range 4 • Identifies action words by following simple instructions, e.g. Show me jumping • Beginning to understand more complex sentences, e.g. Put your toys away and then sit on the carpet • Understands who, what, where in simple questions (e.g. Who's that? Who can? What's that? Where is?) • Developing understanding of simple concepts (e.g. fast/slow, good/bad)	<ul> <li>Understands use of objects (e.g. Which one do we cut with?) • Shows understanding of prepositions such as under, on top, behind by carrying out an action or selecting correct picture • Responds to instructions with more elements, e.g. Give the big ball to me; collect up all the blocks and put them in the box • Beginning to understand why and how questions</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Understands a range of complex sentence structures including negatives, plurals and tense markers</li> <li>Beginning to understand humour, e.g. nonsense rhymes, jokes</li> <li>Able to follow a story without pictures or props</li> <li>Listens and responds to ideas expressed by others in conversation or discussion</li> <li>Understands questions such as who; why; when; where and how</li> </ul>

Communication and Language: Speaking			
Range 3 (18-24m)	Range 4 (24-36m)	Range 5 (36-48m)	Range 6 (48-60m)
<ul> <li>Copies familiar expressions, e.g. Oh dear, All gone' • Uses different types of everyday words (nouns, verbs and adjectives, e.g. banana, go, sleep, hot) •</li> <li>Beginning to put two words together (e.g. Want ball, More juice) • Beginning to ask simple questions • Beginning to talk about people and things that are not present • Uses gestures, sometimes with limited talk, e.g. reaches toward toy, saying Want it</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Uses language to share feelings, experiences and thoughts • Holds a conversation, jumping from topic to topic • Learns new words very rapidly and is able to use them in communicating • Uses a variety of questions (e.g. what, where, who) • Uses longer sentences (e.g. Mummy gonna work) • Beginning to use word endings (e.g. going, cats)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Beginning to use more complex sentences to link thoughts (e.g. using and, because) • Able to use language in recalling past experiences • Can retell a simple past event in correct order (e.g. went down slide, hurt finger) • Uses talk to explain what is happening and anticipate what might happen next • Questions why things happen and gives explanations. Asks e.g. who, what, when, how • Beginning to use a range of tenses (e.g. play, playing, will play, played) • Continues to make some errors in language (e.g. runned) and will absorb and use language they hear around them in their community and culture • Uses intonation, rhythm and phrasing to make the meaning clear to others • Talks more extensively about things that are of particular importance to them</li> </ul>	• Extends vocabulary, especially by grouping and naming, exploring the meaning and sounds of new words • Uses language to imagine and recreate roles and experiences in play situations • Links statements and sticks to a main theme or intention • Uses talk to organise, sequence and clarify thinking, ideas, feelings and events • Introduces a storyline or narrative into their play
Personal, S	ocial and Emotional De		lationships

# Personal, social and Emotional Development. Making Kelationships

Range 3 (18-24m)	Range 4 (24-36m)	Range 5 (36-48m)	Range 6 (48-60m)
• Explores the environment, interacts	<ul> <li>Builds relationships with special people</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Seeks out companionship with adults</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Represents and recreates what they</li> </ul>
with others and plays confidently while	but may show anxiety in the presence of	and other children, sharing experiences	have learnt about social interactions from
their parent/carer or key person is close	strangers • Is becoming more able to	and play ideas • Uses their experiences of	their relationships with close adults, in
by; using them as a 5 secure base to	separate from their close carers and	adult behaviours to guide their social	their play and relationships with others •
return to for reassurance if anxious or in	explore new situations with support and	relationships and interactions • Shows	Develops particular friendships with

offering comfort that they themselves would find soothing, e.g. their dummy • Enjoys playing alone and alongside others and is also interested in being together and playing with other children • Will often watch, follow and imitate each other in their play and will experiment with influencing others, co-operating together and also resisting coercion in their interactions • Asserts their own ideas and preferences and takes notice of other people's responses • Will sometimes experience long periods of social engagement as overwhelming and may withdraw or collapse with frustration	<ul> <li>Shows some understanding that other people have perspectives, ideas and needs that are different to theirs, e.g. may turn a book to face you so you can see it • Shows empathy and concern for people who are special to them by partially matching others' feelings with their own, e.g. may offer a child a toy they know they like • Is beginning to be able to cooperate in favourable situations, such as with familiar people and environments and when free from anxiety. • Seeks out others to share experiences with and may choose to play with a familiar friend or a child who has similar interest.</li> </ul>	needs and gradually more impulse control in favourable conditions, e.g. giving up a toy to another who wants it • Practices skills of assertion, negotiation and compromise and looks to a supportive adult for help in resolving conflict with peers • Enjoys playing alone, alongside and with others, inviting others to play and attempting to join others' play	understand different points of view and to challenge their own and others' thinking • Is increasingly flexible and cooperative as they are more-able to understand other people's needs, wants and behaviours • Is increasingly socially skilled and will take steps to resolve conflicts with other children by negotiating and finding a compromise; sometimes by themselves, sometimes with support • Returns to the secure base of a familiar adult to recharge and gain emotional support and practical help in difficult situations • Is proactive in seeking adult support and able to articulate their wants and needs • Some children may have had to make many different relationships • Work and play cooperatively and take turns with others. • Form positive attachments to adults
			and friendships with peers. • Show sensitivity to their own and to others' needs. 4 in their life. This may have impacted on their understanding of
Person	al, Social and Emotiona	al Development: Sense	of Self
Range 3 (18-24m)	Range 4 (24-36m)	Range 5 (36-48m)	Range 6 (48-60m)

 Is aware of and interested in their own and others' physical characteristics, pointing to and naming features such as noses, hair and eyes  Knows their own name, their preferences and interests and is becoming aware of their unique abilities
 Is developing an understanding of and interest in

# • Is becoming more aware of the similarities and differences between

themselves and others in more detailed ways and identifies themself in relation to

#### Recognises that they belong to different communities and social groups and communicates freely about own home

and community • Is more aware of their

what their bodies can do through setting themselves physical challenges, e.g. pulling a large truck upstairs • Begins to use me, you and I in their talk and to show awareness of their social identity of gender, ethnicity and ability • Shows their growing sense of self through asserting their likes and dislikes, choices, decisions, and ideas. These may be different to those of the adult or their peers; often saying no, me do it or mine differences of gender, ethnicity and ability
Shows a sense of autonomy through asserting their ideas and preferences and making choices and decisions
Experiments with their own and other

people's views of who they are through their play, through trying out different behaviours, and the way they talk about themselves • Is gradually learning that actions have co social groups and to their peers • Is sensitive to others' messages of appreciation or criticism • Enjoys a sense of belonging through being involved in daily tasks • Is aware of being evaluated by others and begin to develop ideas about themselves according to the messages they hear from others • Shows their confidence and selfesteem through being outgoing towards people, taking risks and trying new things or new social situations and being able to express their needs and ask adults for help relationships to particular social groups and sensitive to prejudice and discrimination • Shows confidence in speaking to others about their own needs, wants, interests and opinions in familiar group • Can describe their competencies, what they can do well and are getting better at; describing themselves in positive but realistic terms • Has a clear idea about what they want to do in their play and how they want to go about it • Shows confidence in choosing resources and perseverance in carrying out a chosen activity

## Personal, Social and Emotional Development: Understanding Emotions

Range 3 (18-24m)	Range 4 (24-36m)	Range 5 (36-48m)	Range 6 (48-60m)
Expresses positive feelings such as joy	• Expresses the self-aware emotions of	• Expresses a wide range of feelings in	<ul> <li>Understands their own and other</li> </ul>
and affection and negative feelings such	pride and embarrassment as well as a wide	their interactions with others and through	people's feelings, offering empathy and
as anger, frustration and distress,	range of other feeling • Can feel	their behaviour and play, including	comfort • Talks about their own and
through actions, behaviours and a few	overwhelmed by intense emotions,	excitement and anxiety, guilt and self-	others' feelings and behaviour and its
words • Experiences a wide range of	resulting in an emotional collapse when	doubt • May exhibit increased fearfulness	consequences • Attempts to repair a
feelings with great intensity, such as	frightened, frustrated, angry, anxious or	of things like the dark or monsters etc. and	relationship or situation where they have
anger and frustration, which can be	over-stimulated • Is becoming able to think	possibly have nightmares • Talks about	caused upset and understands how their
overwhelming and result in losing control	about their feelings as their brain starts to	how others might be feeling and responds	actions impact other people • Is more-
of feelings, body and thinking • Is aware	develop the connections that help them	according to their understanding of the	able to manage their feelings and
of others' feelings and is beginning to	manage their emotions • Seeks comfort	other person's needs and wants • Is more	tolerate situations in which their wishes
show empathy by offering a comfort	from familiar adults when needed and	able to recognise the impact of their her	cannot be met • Seeks support,
object to another child or sharing in	distracts themselves with a comfort object	choices and behaviours/actions on others	"emotional refuelling" and practical help
another child's excitement	when upset • Responds to the feelings of	and knows that some actions and words	in new or challenging situations. • Is
	others, showing concern and offering	can hurt others' feelings • Understands	aware of behavioural expectations and
	comfort • May recognise that some actions	that expectations vary depending on	sensitive to ideas of justice and fairness •

	can hurt or harm others and begins to stop themselves from doing something they should not do, in favourable conditions • Participates more in collective cooperation as their experience of routines and understanding of some boundaries grows	different events, social situations and changes in routine, and becomes more able to	Seeks ways to manage conflict, for example through holding back, sharing, negotiation and compromise
	Physical Development		
Range 3 (18-24m)	Range 4 (24-36m)	Range 5 (36-48m)	Range 6 (48-60m)
<ul> <li>Develops security in walking upright</li> </ul>	• Sits up from lying down, stands up from	Gross Motor	Gross Motor
using feet alternately and can also run	sitting and squats with steadiness to rest or	<ul> <li>Climbs stairs, steps and moves across</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Chooses to move in a range of ways,</li> </ul>
short distances • Walks upstairs facing	play with object on the ground, and rises to	climbing equipment using alternate feet.	moving freely and with confidence
forwards holding rail or hand of adult,	feet without using hands. • Sits	Maintains balance using hands and body	making changes to body shape, position
with both feet onto a single step at a time	comfortably on a chair with both feet on	to stabilise • Walks down steps or slopes	and pace of movement such as slithering,
<ul> <li>Changes position from standing to</li> </ul>	the ground • Runs safely on whole foot 12	whilst carrying a small object, maintaining	shuffling, rolling, crawling, walking,
squatting and sitting with little effort •	<ul> <li>Moves in response to music, or rhythms</li> </ul>	balance and stability • Runs with spatial	running, jumping, skipping, sliding and
Participates in finger and action rhymes,	played on instruments such as drums or	awareness and negotiates space	hopping • Experiments with different
songs and games, imitating the	shakers • Jumps up into the air with both	successfully, adjusting speed or direction	ways of moving, testing out ideas and
movements and anticipating actions •	feet leaving the floor and can jump forward	to avoid obstacles • Can balance on one	adapting movements to reduce risk •
Hands start to operate independently	a small distance • Begins to walk, run and	foot or in a squat momentarily, shifting	Jumps off an object and lands
during a task that uses both, with each	climb on different levels and surfaces •	body weight to improve stability • Can	appropriately using hands, arms and body
hand doing something different at the	Begins to understand and choose different	grasp and release with two hands to throw	to stabilise and balance • Negotiates
same time (e.g. holding a block in one	ways of moving • Kicks a stationary ball	and catch a large ball, beanbag or an	space successfully when playing racing
hand and steadying the other block with	with either foot, throws a ball with	object	and chasing games with other children,
the other hand. • Shows interest, dances	increasing force and accuracy and starts to	Fine Motor	adjusting speed or changing direction to
and sings to music rhymes and songs,	catch a large ball by using two hands and	Creates lines and circles pivoting from	avoid obstacles
imitating movements of others • Can	their chest to trap it • Climbs up and down	the shoulder and elbow • Manipulates a	Fine Motor
walk considerable distance with purpose,	stairs by placing both feet on each step	range of tools and equipment in one hand,	• Uses simple tools to effect changes to
stopping, starting and changing direction	while holding a handrail for support • Uses	tools include paintbrushes, scissors,	materials • Handles tools, objects,
<ul> <li>Looks closely at small items and</li> </ul>	wheeled toys with increasing skill such as	hairbrushes, toothbrush, scarves or	construction and malleable materials
creatures, and can also see items at	pedalling, balancing, holding handlebars	ribbons	safely and with increasing control and
substantial distance, comfortably	and sitting astride • May be beginning to		intention • Shows a preference for a

changing focus from one to the other • When holding crayons, chalks etc, makes connections between their movement and the marks they make • Uses gesture and body language to convey needs and interests and to support emerging verbal language use

show preference for dominant hand and/or leg/foot • Turns pages in a book, sometimes several at once • Shows increasing control in holding, using and manipulating a range of tools and objects such as tambourines, jugs, hammers, and mark making tools • Holds mark-making tools with thumb and all fingers

dominant hand • Begins to use anticlockwise movement and retrace vertical lines • Begins to form recognisable letters independently • Uses a pencil and holds it effectively to form recognisable letters, most of which are correctly formed

# Range 3 (18-24m)

• Sleeps for 12-14 hours a day with one/two naps Daytime sleeping continues to be important for healthy development • Highly active in short bursts, with frequent and sudden need for rest or withdrawal • Enjoys hugs and cuddles and seeks comfort from attachment figure when they feel the need 14 • Uses physical expression of feelings to release stress. • Generally has up to 16 teeth – helps adult with brushing teeth • Intentionally makes sounds with objects and actively responds to music and singing with whole-body dancing • Develops own likes and dislikes in food and drink, willing to try new food textures and tastes • Shows interest in indoor and outdoor clothing and shoes/wellingtons • Clearly communicates wet or soiled nappy or pants, showing increasing awareness of bladder and bowel urges •

# **Physical Development: Health and Self Care** Range 4 (24-36m)

• Very energetic in short bursts and needs time for rest and calm with at least three hours of a day of exercise including moderate- to vigorous intensity physical activity, spread throughout the day • Needs to sleep for 10-13 hours in a 24-hour period which may include a nap, with regular sleep and wake-up times • Feeds self competently • Can hold a cup with two hands and drink well without spilling • Develops some independence in self-care and shows an awareness of routines such as handwashing or teeth cleaning but still often needs adult support • Develops increasing understanding of and control of the bowel and bladder urges and starts to communicate their need for the preferred

choice of potty or toilet • Able to help with

and increasingly independently put on and

take off simple clothing items such as hats,

unzipped jackets, wellington boots • Begins

# Range 5 (36-48m)

Can tell adults when hungry, full, tired, rest, sleep or play. • Observes and can describe in words or actions the effects of physical activity on their bodies. • Can name and identify different parts of the body • Takes practical action to reduce risk, showing their understanding that equipment and tools can be used safely • Can wash and can dry hands effectively and understands why this is important • Willing to try a range of different textures and tastes and expresses a preference. Can name and identify different parts of the body • Observes and controls breath, able to take deep breaths, scrunching and releasing the breath • Can mirror the playful actions or movements of another adult or child • Working towards a consistent, daily pattern in relation to eating, toileting and sleeping routines and understands why this is important • Gains

# Range 6 (48-60m)

Eats a healthy range of food and understands need for variety • Describes a range of different food textures and tastes when cooking and notices changes when they are combined or exposed to hot and cold temperatures • Describes physical changes to the body that can occur when feeling unwell, anxious, tired, angry or sad • Can initiate and describe playful actions or movements for other children to mirror and follow • Has established a consistent, daily pattern in relation to eating, toileting and sleeping routines and can explain why this is important • Usually dry and clean during the day • Shows some understanding that good practices with regard to exercise, eating, drinking water, sleeping and hygiene can contribute to good health • Shows understanding of the need for safety when tackling new

Helps with dressing/undressing and care routines, enjoying the rituals established for hand washing and teeth cleaning • Feeds self with increasing need to be in control and holds cup with both hands, drinking without much spilling	to recognise danger and seeks the support and comfort of significant adults • Can increasingly express their thoughts and emotions through words as well as continuing to use facial expressions	more bowel and bladder control and can attend to toileting needs most of the time themselves. • Dresses with help, e.g. puts arms into open-fronted coat or shirt when held up, pulls up own trousers, and pulls up zipper once it is fastened at the bottom	challenges, and considers and manages some risks by taking independent action or by giving a verbal warning to others • Shows understanding of how to transport and store equipment safely • Practices some appropriate safety measures without direct supervision, considering both benefits and risk of a physical experience
	Literacy:	Reading	
Range 3 (18-24m)	Range 4 (24-36m)	Range 5 (36-48m)	Range 6 (48-60m)
<ul> <li>Is interested in and anticipates books and rhymes and may have favourites</li> <li>Begins to join in with actions and sounds in familiar song and book sharing experience</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Has some favourite stories, rhymes, songs, poems or jingles • Repeats and uses actions, words or phrases from familiar stories • Fills in the missing word or phrase in a known rhyme, story or game, e.g. "Humpty Dumpty sat on a" Begins to recognise familiar logos from children's popular culture, commercial print or icons for apps 16 • Enjoys rhythmic and musical activity with percussion instruments, actions, rhymes and songs, clapping along with the beat and joining in with words of familiar songs and nursery rhymes</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Listens to and joins in with stories and poems, when reading one-to-one and in small groups • Joins in with repeated refrains and anticipates key events and phrases in rhymes and stories • Begins to be aware of the way stories are structured, and to tell own stories Talks about events and principal chars in stories and suggests how the story might end • Shows interest in illustrations and words in print and digital books and words in the environment • Recognises familiar words and signs such as own name, advertising logos and screen icons •Looks at and enjoys print and digital books independently • Knows that print carries meaning and, in English, is read from left to right and top to bottom • Knows information can be relayed through signs and symbols in various forms (e.g. printed</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Enjoys an increasing range of print and digital books, both fiction and non-fiction</li> <li>Uses vocabulary and forms of speech that are increasingly influenced by their experiences of reading • Describes main story settings, events and principal characters in increasing detail• Knows that information can be retrieved from books, computers and mobile digital devices • Is able to recall and discuss stories or information that has been read to them, or they have read themselves *re-enacts and reinvents stories they have heard on their play. Word Reading</li> <li>*Begins to recognise some names of peers/siblings/mum/dad * Develops phonological awareness</li> <li>Continues a rhyming string and identifies alliteration - Hears and says the initial</li> </ul>

		materials, digital screens and	sound in words - Begins to segment the
		environmental print) • Handles books	sounds in simple words and blend them
		carefully	together and knows which letters
		Word Reading	represent some of them - Starts to link
		*Begins to develop phonological and	sounds to letters, naming and sounding
		phonemic awareness - Shows awareness	the letters of the
		of rhyme and alliteration - Recognises	alphabet - Begins to link sounds to some
		rhythm in spoken words, songs, poems	frequently used digraphs, e.g. sh, th, ee •
		and rhymes - Claps or taps the syllables in	Begins to read some high frequency
		words during sound play - Hears and says	words, and to use developing knowledge
		the initial sound in words	of letters and sounds to read simple
			phonically decodable words and simple
			sentences • Engages with books and
			other reading materials at an increasingly
			deeper level, sometimes drawing on their
			phonic knowledge to decode words, and
			their knowledge of language structure,
			subject knowledge and illustrations to
			interpret the text • Includes everyday
			literacy artefacts in play, such as labels,
			instructions, signs, envelopes, etc.
	Literacy:	Writing	
	• •		
Range 3 (18-24m)	Range 4 (24-36m)	Range 5 (36-48m)	Range 6 (48-60m)
As toddlers develop, they increase their	<ul> <li>Distinguishes between the different</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Makes up stories, play scenarios, and</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Enjoys creating texts to communicate</li> </ul>
understanding of how their marks are	marks they make • Enjoys drawing and	drawings in response to experiences, such	meaning for an increasingly wide range of
symbolic and convey meaning. Their	writing on paper, on screen and on	as outings • Sometimes gives meaning to	purposes, such as making greetings cards,
marks may not yet resemble letters and	different textures, such as in sand or	their drawings and paintings • Ascribes	tickets, lists, invitations and creating their
words but nonetheless may carry	playdough and through using touch-screen	meanings to signs, symbols and words that	own stories and books with images and
meaning for the child. • Begins to	technology.	they see in different places, including	sometimes with words, in print and
understand the cause and effect of their		those they make themselves • Includes	digital formats • Gives meaning to the
actions in mark making • Knows that the		mark making and early writing in their play	marks they make as they draw, write,

marks they make are of value • Enjoys		<ul> <li>Imitates adults' writing by making</li> </ul>	paint and type using a keyboard or touch-
the sensory experience of making marks		continuous lines of shapes and symbols	screen technology • Begins to break the
		(early writing) from left to right • Attempts	flow of speech into words, to hear and
		to write their own name, or other names	say the initial sound in words and may
		and words, using combinations of lines,	start to segment the sounds in words and
		circles and curves, or letter-type shapes •	blend them together • Starts to develop
		Shows interest in letters on a keyboard,	phonic knowledge by linking sounds to
		identifying the initial letter of their own	letters, naming and sounding some of the
		name and other familiar words • Begins to	letters of the alphabet, identifying letters
		make letter-type shapes to represent the	and writing recognisable letters in
		initial sound of their name and other	sequence, such as in their own name •
		familiar words	Uses their developing phonic knowledge
			to write things such as labels and
			captions, later progressing to simple
			sentences
	Mathe	matics	
Range 3 (18-24m)	Range 4 (24-36m)	Range 5 (36-48m)	Range 6 (48-60m)
<b>Comparison</b> • Responds to words like lots or more <b>Counting</b> • Says some counting	<b>Comparison</b> • Beginning to compare and recognise changes in numbers of things,	<b>Comparison</b> • Compares two small groups of up to five objects, saying when there	<b>Comparison</b> • Uses number names and symbols when comparing numbers,
		and the same number of shierts in such	all a start and a table a start and a start and a start

Range 3 (18-24m)	Range 4 (24-36m)	Range 5 (36-48m)	Range 6 (48-60m)
Comparison • Responds to words like lots	Comparison • Beginning to compare and	Comparison • Compares two small groups	Comparison • Uses number names and
or more <b>Counting</b> • Says some counting	recognise changes in numbers of things,	of up to five objects, saying when there	symbols when comparing numbers,
words • May engage in counting-like	using words like more, lots or same	are the same number of objects in each	showing interest in large numbers •
behaviour, making sounds and pointing	<b>Counting</b> • Begins to say numbers in order,	group, e.g. You've got two, I've got two.	Estimates of numbers of things, showing
or saying some numbers in sequence	some of which are in the right order	Same! Counting • May enjoy counting	understanding of relative size Counting •
Cardinality • May use number words like	(ordinality) Cardinality (How many?) • In	verbally as far as they can go • Points or	Enjoys reciting numbers from 0 to 10
one or two and sometimes responds	everyday situations, takes or gives two or	touches (tags) each item, saying one	(and beyond) and back from 10 to 0 $ullet$
accurately when asked to give one or two	three objects from a group • Beginning to	number for each item, using the stable	Increasingly confident at putting
things Spatial Awareness • Enjoys filling	notice numerals (number symbols) •	order of 1,2,3,4,5. • Uses some number	numerals in order 0 to 10 (ordinality)
and emptying containers • Investigates	Beginning to count on their fingers. Spatial	names and number language within play,	Cardinality • Engages in subitising
fitting themselves inside and moving	Awareness • Moves their bodies and toys	and may show fascination with large	numbers to four and maybe five • Counts
through spaces Shape • Pushes objects	around objects and explores fitting into	numbers • Begin to recognise numerals 0	out up to 10 objects from a larger group •
through different shaped holes, and	spaces • Begins to remember their way	to 10 Cardinality • Subitises one, two and	Matches the numeral with a group of
attempts to fit shapes into spaces on	around familiar environments • Responds	three objects (without counting) • Counts	items to show how many there are (up to

inset boards or puzzles • Beginning to select a shape for a specific space • Enjoys using blocks to create their own simple structures and arrangements **Pattern** • Becoming familiar with patterns in daily routines • Joins in with and predicts what comes next in a familiar story or rhyme • Beginning to arrange items in their own patterns, e.g. lining up toys 19 Measures • Shows an interest in size and weight • Explores capacity by selecting, filling and emptying containers e.g. fitting toys in a pram • Beginning to understand that things might happen now or at another time, in routines

to some spatial and positional language • Explores how things look from different viewpoints including things that are near or far away Shape • Chooses puzzle pieces and tries to fit them in • Recognises that two objects have the same shape • Makes simple constructions Pattern • Joins in and anticipates repeated sound and action patterns • Is interested in what happens next using the pattern of everyday routines Measures 20 • Explores differences in size, length, weight and capacity • Beginning to understand some talk about immediate past and future • Beginning to anticipate times of the day such as mealtimes or home time

up to five items, recognising that the last number said represents the total counted so far (cardinal principle) • Links numerals with amounts up to 5 and maybe beyond • Explores using a range of their own marks and signs to which they ascribe mathematical meanings Composition • Through play and exploration, beginning to learn that numbers are made up (composed) of smaller numbers • Beginning to use understanding of number to solve practical problems in play and meaningful activities • Beginning to recognise that each counting number is one more than the one before • Separates a group of three or four objects in different ways, beginning to recognise that the total is still the same Spatial Awareness • Responds to and uses language of position and direction • Predicts, moves and rotates objects to fit the space or create the shape they would like Shape • Chooses items based on their shape which are appropriate for the child's purpose • Responds to both informal language and common shape names • Shows awareness of shape similarities and differences between objects • Enjoys partitioning and combining shapes to make new shapes with 2D and 3D shapes • Attempts to create arches and enclosures when building, using trial and improvement to select blocks Pattern •

10) **Composition** • Shows awareness that numbers are made up (composed) of smaller numbers, exploring partitioning in different ways with a wide range of objects • Begins to conceptually subitise larger numbers by subitising smaller groups within the number, e.g. sees six raisins on a plate as three and three • In practical activities, adds one and subtracts one with numbers to 10 • Begins to explore and work out mathematical problems, using signs and strategies of their own choice, including (when appropriate) standard numerals, tallies and "+" or "-"Spatial Awareness • Uses spatial language, including following and giving directions, using relative terms and describing what they see from different viewpoints • Investigates turning and flipping objects in order to make shapes fit and create models; predicting and visualising how they will look (spatial reasoning) • May enjoy making simple maps of familiar and imaginative environments, with landmarks Shape • Uses informal language and analogies, (e.g. heartshaped and hand-shaped leaves), as well as mathematical terms to describe shapes • Enjoys composing and decomposing shapes, learningwhich shapes combine to make other shapes • Uses own ideas to make models of

		Creates their own spatial patterns showing some organisation or regularity • Explores and adds to simple linear patterns of two or three repeating items, e.g. stick, leaf (AB) or stick, leaf, stone (ABC) • Joins in with simple patterns in sounds, objects, games and stories dance and movement,	<ul> <li>increasing complexity, selecting blocks</li> <li>needed, solving problems and visualising</li> <li>what they will build <b>Pattern</b> • Spots</li> <li>patterns in the environment, beginning to</li> <li>identify the pattern "rule" • Chooses</li> <li>familiar objects to create and recreate</li> <li>repeating patterns beyond AB patterns</li> </ul>
		predicting what comes next Measures • In	and begins to identify the unit of repeat
, 		meaningful contexts, finds the longer or shorter, heavier or lighter and more/less	Measures • Enjoys tackling problems involving prediction and discussion of
, 		full of two items • Recalls a sequence of	comparisons of length, weight or
, 		events in everyday life and stories	capacity, paying attention to fairness and accuracy • Becomes familiar with
, 			measuring tools in everyday experiences
, 			and play • Is increasingly able to order
, 			and sequence events using everyday
, 			language related to time • Beginning to experience measuring time with timers
, 			and calendars
Und	derstanding the World:	People and Communit	ties
Range 3 (18-24m)	Range 4 (24-36m)	Range 5 (36-48m)	Range 6 (48-60m)
<ul> <li>Is curious about people and shows</li> </ul>	Has a sense of own immediate family and	<ul> <li>Recognises and describes special times</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Knows that other children do not</li> </ul>
interest in stories about people, animals	relations and pets 21 • In pretend play,	or events for family or friends • Shows	always enjoy the same things, and is
or objects that they are familiar with or which fascinate them • Is interested in	imitates everyday actions and events from own family and cultural background, e.g.	interest in different occupations and ways of life indoors and outdoors • Knows some	sensitive to this • Knows about similarities and differences between
photographs of themselves and other	making and drinking tea, going to the	of the things that make them unique, and	themselves and others, and among

can talk about some of the similarities and

differences in relation to friends or family

families, communities, cultures and traditions

making and drinking tea, going to the barbers, being a cat, dog or bird • Beginning to have their own friends • Learns that they have similarities and differences that connect them to, and distinguish them from, others

familiar people and objects • Enjoys

stories about people and nature (birds,

bees, snails, cats, dogs, etc) and is interested in photographs of themselves

with these.

Understanding the World: The World			
Range 3 (18-24m)	Range 4 (24-36m)	Range 5 (36-48m)	Range 6 (48-60m)
<ul> <li>Is curious and interested to explore new and familiar experiences in nature: grass, mud, puddles, plants, animal life</li> <li>Explores objects by linking together different approaches: shaking, hitting, looking, feeling, tasting, mouthing, pulling, turning and poking 22</li> <li>Remembers where objects belong</li> <li>Matches parts of objects that fit together, e.g. puts lid on teapot</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Notices detailed features of objects in their environment</li> <li>Can talk about some of the things they have observed such as plants, animals, natural and found objects</li> <li>Enjoys playing with small world reconstructions, building on first-hand experiences, e.g. visiting farms, garages, train tracks, walking by river or lake</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Comments and asks questions about aspects of their familiar world such as the place where they live or the natural world</li> <li>Talks about why things happen and how things work • Developing an understanding of growth, decay and changes over time • Shows care and concern for living things and the environment• Begin to understand the effect their behaviour can have on the environment * shows interest in the lives of people who are familiar to them • Enjoys joining in with family customs and routines • Remembers and talks about significant events in their own experience</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Looks closely at similarities, differences, patterns and change in nature          <ul> <li>Knows about similarities and differences in relation to places, objects, materials and living things</li> <li>Talks about the features of their own immediate environment and how environments might vary from one another</li> <li>Makes observations of animals and plants and explains why some things occur, and talks about changes * enjoys joining in with customs and routines</li> <li>Talks about past and present events in their own life and in the lives of family members</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
	Understanding the	World: Technology	
Range 3 (18-24m)	Range 4 (24-36m)	Range 5 (36-48m)	Range 6 (48-60m)
• Anticipates repeated sounds, sights and actions, e.g. when an adult demonstrates an action toy several times • Shows interest in toys with buttons, flaps and simple mechanisms and begins to learn to operate them	<ul> <li>Seeks to acquire basic skills in turning on and operating some digital equipment</li> <li>Operates mechanical toys, e.g. turns the knob on a wind-up toy or pulls back on a friction car</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Knows how to operate simple equipment, e.g. turns on CD player, uses a remote control, cannavigate touch-capable technology with support</li> <li>Shows an interest in technological toys with knobs or pulleys, real objects such as cameras, and touchscreen devices such as mobile phones and tablets</li> <li>Shows skill in making toys work by pressing parts or lifting flaps to achieve effects such as sound,</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Completes a simple program on electronic devices</li> <li>Uses ICT hardware to interact with age appropriate computer software</li> <li>Can create content such as a video recording, stories, and/or draw a picture on screen</li> <li>Develops digital literacy skills by being able to access, understand and interact with a range of technologies</li> <li>Can use the internet with</li> </ul>

		movements or new images • Knows that information can be retrieved from digital devices and the internet • Plays with a range of materials to learn cause and effect, for example, makes a string puppet using dowels and string to suspend the puppet	adult supervision to find and retrieve information of interest to them	
Expressive Arts and Design: Creating with Materials				
Range 3 (18-24m)	Range 4 (24-36m)	Range 5 (36-48m)	Range 6 (48-60m)	
• Continues to explore and experiment with an increasing range of media and movement through multi-sensory exploration and expression • Moves while singing/vocalising, whilst listening to sounds and music, while playing with sound makers/instruments • Mirrors and improvises actions they have observed, e.g. clapping or waving • Sings/vocalises whilst listening to music or playing with instruments/sound makers • Notices and becomes interested in the transformative effect of their action on materials and resources	<ul> <li>Joins in singing songs • Creates sounds by rubbing, shaking, tapping, striking or blowing • Shows an interest in the way sound makers and instruments sound and experiments with ways of playing them, e.g. loud/quiet, fast/slow 24 • Experiments with ways to enclose a space, create shapes and represent actions, sounds and objects</li> <li>• Enjoys and responds to playing with colour in a variety of ways, for example combining colours • Uses 3D and 2D structures to explore materials and/or to express ideas</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Explores and learns how sounds and movements can be changed • Continues to explore moving in a range of ways, e.g. mirroring, creating own movement patterns • Enjoys joining in with moving, dancing and ring games • Sings familiar songs, e.g. pop songs, songs from TV programmes, rhymes, songs from home • Taps out simple repeated rhythms • Develops an understanding of how to create and use sounds intentionally • Continues to explore colour and how colours can be changed • Develops an understanding of using lines to enclose a space, and begins to use drawing to represent actions and objects based on imagination, observation and experience • Uses various construction materials, e.g. joining pieces, stacking vertically and horizontally, balancing, making enclosures and creating spaces • Uses tools for a purpose</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Begins to build a collection of songs and dances</li> <li>Makes music in a range of ways, e.g. plays with sounds creatively, plays along to the beat of the song they are singing or music they are listening to</li> <li>Uses their increasing knowledge and understanding of tools and materials to explore their interests and enquiries and develop their thinking</li> <li>Develops their own ideas through experimentation with diverse materials, e.g. light, projected image, loose parts, watercolours, powder paint, to express and communicate their discoveries and understanding.</li> <li>Expresses and communicates working theories, feelings and understandings using a range of art forms, e.g. movement, dance, drama, music and the visual arts.</li> </ul>	

Expressive Arts and Design: Being Imaginative and Expressive				
Range 3 (18-24m)	Range 4 (24-36m)	Range 5 (36-48m)	Range 6 (48-60m)	
• Expresses self through physical actions and sound • Pretends that one object represents another, especially when objects have characteristics in common • Creates sound effects and movements, e.g. creates the sound of a car, animals	<ul> <li>Uses everyday materials to explore, understand and represent his world – his ideas, interests and fascinations • Begins to make believe by pretending using sounds, movements, words, objects Beginning to describe sounds and music imaginatively, e.g. scary music • Creates rhythmic sounds and movements</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Uses movement and sounds to express experiences, expertise, ideas and feelings</li> <li>Experiments and creates movement in response to music, stories and ideas</li> <li>Sings to self and makes up simple songs</li> <li>Creates sounds, movements, drawings to accompany stories</li> <li>Notices what other children and adults do, mirroring what is observed, adding variations and then doing it spontaneously</li> <li>Engages in imaginative play based on own ideas or first-hand or peer experiences.</li> <li>Uses available resources to create props or creates imaginary ones to support play</li> <li>Plays alongside other children who are engaged in the same theme</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Creates representations of both imaginary and real-life ideas, events, people and objects • Initiates new combinations of movements and gestures in order to express and respond to feelings, ideas and experiences • Chooses particular movements, instruments/ sounds, colours and materials for their own imaginative purposes • Uses combinations of art forms, e.g. moving and singing, making and dramatic play, drawing and talking, constructing and mapping • Responds imaginatively to art works and objects, e.g. this music sounds likes dinosaurs, that sculpture is squishy like this [child physically demonstrates], that peg looks like a mouth • Introduces a storyline or narrative into their play • Plays</li> </ul>	
			cooperatively as part of a group to create, develop and act out an imaginary idea or narrative	

# **EYFS EARLY LEARNING GOALS**

#### **Communication and Language**

#### Listening, Attention and Understanding

- Listen attentively and respond to what they hear with relevant questions, comments and actions when being read to and during whole class discussions and small group interactions.
- Make comments about what they have heard and ask questions to clarify their understanding.
- Hold conversation when engaged in back-and-forth exchanges with their teacher and peers.

#### Speaking

- Participate in small group, class and one-to-one discussions, offering their own ideas, using recently introduced vocabulary.
- Offer explanations for why things might happen, making use of recently introduced vocabulary from stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems when appropriate.
- Express their ideas and feelings about their experiences using full sentences, including use of past, present and future tenses and making use of conjunctions, with modelling and support from their teacher.

#### **Understanding the World**

#### Past and Present

- Talk about the lives of the people around them and their roles in society.
- Know some similarities and differences between things in the past and now, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class.
- Understand the past through settings, characters and events encountered in books read in class and storytelling.

#### People, Culture and Communities

- Describe their immediate environment using knowledge from observation, discussion, stories, non-fiction texts and maps.
- Know some similarities and differences between different religious and cultural communities in this country, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class.
- Explain some similarities and differences between life in this country and life in other countries, drawing on knowledge from stories, non-fiction texts and (when appropriate) maps.

#### The Natural World

- Explore the natural world around them, making observations and drawing
  pictures of animals and plants.
- Know some similarities and differences between the natural world around them and contrasting environments, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class.
- Understand some important processes and changes in the natural world around them, including the seasons and changing states of matter.

#### Personal, Social and Emotional Development

#### Self-Regulation

- Show an understanding of their own feelings and those of others, and begin to regulate their behaviour accordingly.
- Set and work towards simple goals, being able to wait for what they want and control their immediate impulses when appropriate.
- Give focused attention to what the teacher says, responding appropriately even when engaged in activity, and show an ability to follow instructions involving several ideas or actions.

#### **Managing Self**

- Be confident to try new activities and show independence, resilience and perseverance in the face of challenge.
- · Explain the reasons for rules, know right from wrong and try to behave accordingly.
- Manage their own basic hygiene and personal needs, including dressing, going to the toilet and understanding the importance of healthy food choices.

#### **Building Relationships**

- · Work and play cooperatively and take turns with others.
- · Form positive attachments to adults and friendships with peers.
- Show sensitivity to their own and to others' needs.

#### Expressive Arts and Design

#### **Creating with Materials**

- Safely use and explore a variety of materials, tools and techniques, experimenting with colour, design, texture, form and function.
- Share their creations, explaining the process they have used.
- Make use of props and materials when role playing characters in narratives and stories.

#### **Being Imaginative and Expressive**

- Invent, adapt and recount narratives and stories with peers and their teacher.
- Sing a range of well-known nursery rhymes and songs.
- Perform songs, rhymes, poems and stories with others, and (when appropriate) try to move in time with music.

#### Mathematics

#### Number

- Have a deep understanding of number to 10, including the composition of each number.
- Subitise (recognise quantities without counting) up to 5.
- Automatically recall (without reference to rhymes, counting or other aids) number bonds up to 5 (including subtraction facts) and some number bonds to 10, including double facts.

#### Numerical Patterns

- Verbally count beyond 20, recognising the pattern of the counting system.
- Compare quantities up to 10 in different contexts, recognising when one quantity is greater than, less than or the same as the other quantity.
- Explore and represent patterns within numbers up to 10, including evens and odds, double facts and how quantities can be distributed equally.

#### Physical Development

#### **Gross Motor Skills**

- Negotiate space and obstacles safely, with consideration for themselves and others.
- Demonstrate strength, balance and coordination when playing.
- Move energetically, such as running, jumping, dancing, hopping, skipping and climbing.

#### **Fine Motor Skills**

- Hold a pencil effectively in preparation for fluent writing – using the tripod grip in almost all cases.
- Use a range of small tools, including scissors, paintbrushes and cutlery.
- Begin to show accuracy and care when drawing.

#### Literacy

#### Comprehension

- Demonstrate understanding of what has been read to them by retelling stories and narratives using their own words and recently introduced vocabulary.
- Anticipate (where appropriate) key events in stories.
- Use and understand recently introduced vocabulary during discussions about stories, nonfiction, rhymes and poems and during role play.

#### Word Reading

- Say a sound for each letter in the alphabet and at least 10 digraphs.
- Read words consistent with their phonic knowledge by sound-blending.
- Read aloud simple sentences and books that are consistent with their phonic knowledge, including some common exception words.

#### Writing

- Write recognisable letters, most of which are correctly formed.
- Spell words by identifying sounds in them and representing the sounds with a letter or letters.
- Write simple phrases and sentences that can be read by others.